



Procurement Risk

Procurement fraud risk mitigation questionnaire

Global Risk Alliance Ltd

Procurement Risk Questionnaire

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Policies and procedures

Assessing key steps within the procurement process for risk and compliance with procedures can be an effective way of identifying and mitigating fraud and corruption risk.

- Are there published procurement procedures and, where appropriate, a procurement plan in place?
- Are there appropriate and proportionate internal audit processes in place to inspect contracts, control measures and procedures for any indication of corruption, non-compliance or gaps in procurement controls?
- When drafting and negotiating contracts with a supplier, where appropriate, is legal advice sought and appropriate contractual protections included within the contract?
- Is there a documented process to assess suppliers, consultants and sub-contractors for procurement fraud and bribery risk?
- Are there defined procedures clearly outlining when it would be appropriate to utilise single and sole source procurement routes?
- Are checks conducted on the procure to pay process?
- Is there sufficient segregation of duties within the P2P process and can they be circumvented?
- Are there levels of Designated Procurement Authority and can it be circumvented or delegated?
- Are checks conducted of requisitions, purchase orders, invoices, delivery notes, asset registers and end user receipt of goods or materials for continuity or irregularity concerns?
- Are checks conducted to demonstrate that works or services have been completed?
- Are there documented procedures for vetting a new supplier?

Identification of need

- Was the work currently under review, fictitious or needed and who specified the requirement?
- Is the requirement falsified or is the work already covered within an existing contract?
- Has work been raised outside of the procurement process?
- Are the details of the individual(s) identifying the need documented?

Justification and business case

- Has the end user created a business case or requisition that has been authorised?
- Is the business case or requisition contained within the contract file?
- Are there instances where the person who creates the business case, can also raise a requisition and source the supplier?
- Can procurement staff be engaged without submission of a requisition?
- Is the person who identified the business requirement been clearly identified?

Design and specification

- Is the scope of work or design biased towards a specific company's capability?
- Is the specification reviewed and authorised by someone other than the originator?
- Is the specification or scope of work vague?
- Are specifications independently checked?

Budget and cost estimation

- Has a market price check been conducted and retained?
- Is total cost ownership contained within the cost estimation?
- Is there adequate budgetary or cost control and management throughout the life of the contract?
- Has project funding been split between budgets that may hide the true cost of completion?

Procurement route

- Is there a documented single source justification and authorisation process and is it followed?
- Are procurement decisions documented and open to review?
- Can orders be split to avoid the tender threshold?
- Have the goods, works or services been single sourced before?

Vendor identification

- Does the end user identify who the bidding companies should be and are they approved by the procurement department?
- Are there sufficient vendors within the supplier database?
- Is the vendor identification process dealt with by the procurement department?
- Can vendor identification and procurement route be influence by a senior executive?

Pre-qualification

- Is suitable financial evidence provided to confirm a supplier's ability to complete the contract?
- Are checks conducted to confirm a vendor's ability to perform the contract to specification?
- Is there evidence of a supplier's control measures to manage procurement and procurement fraud risk?
- Does the supplier have a system in place to identify and rectify quality and counterfeit product risk within their supply chain?

Bid response

- Are all communications within the bidding process transparent and shared with all bidding companies?
- Are there enough qualified vendors identified to bid for the requirement?
- Are response deadlines long enough to prevent manipulation of the bidding process?
- Is the bidding process secure and auditable?

Tender matrix

- Is the scoring matrix relevant, objective, measureable and impartial to the requirement?
- Can additional criteria be added during the selection process?
- Is the scoring mechanism standardised or has it been devised for the works?
- Are there auditable records that accurately document process assurance?

Tender selection

- Are there dual controls for opening bids and recording company details and persons opening bids?
- Is the disqualification of a bidding company justified and documented?
- Are persons involved in the selection process required to record conflicts of interest?
- Is security within the bidding and selection process tested?

Contract award

- Did the work start before the contract was awarded or order raised?
- Is the work sub-contracted to a company that doesn't have the required qualifications?
- Is the work sub-contracted to a company that was involved in the initial bid?
- Is the award process transparent and documented?

Expertise and capability

- Is there adequate expertise and capability within the procurement department
- Does the procurement department have independence from the influence of executives and other departments
- Is there adequate expertise and security within the tender selection process?